Job scheduler and job submission

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Outline

- Job scheduler Slurm
- Useful Slurm commands
- Serial and parallel computing
- Submitting jobs
- Monitoring jobs
- Slurm account coordinator

Participants

- 67% participants never used HPC facility before
- 23% participants not aware of basic Linux commands
- Part-II of Bootcamp: training for beginners

Job scheduler - SLURM

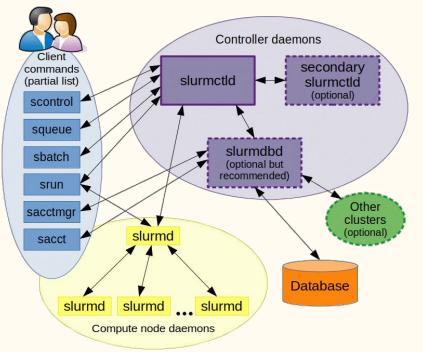
- Open-source resource management and job scheduling software for Linux computing clusters
- Resource management: manage and represent resources like CPU-cores, memory and GPU card to the users in a simplest way
- Job scheduling: decides which user jobs to run for optimal utilization of the cluster
- Website: <u>https://slurm.schedmd.com/</u>
- It can be used on desktop PC, workstations, servers and clusters as well

Do you need to learn any programming language to use SLURM?

NO

To submit your jobs, learning a few commands and associated flags is sufficient

Slurm components



https://slurm.schedmd.com/quickstart.html

Useful Slurm commands

https://slurm.schedmd.com/pdfs/summary.pdf

Command	Used for		
sinfo	view information about Slurm nodes and partitions/queues.		
sbatch	Submit a job for remote execution		
squeue	Display the list of all jobs		
scancel	Kill pending or running jobs		
scontrol	Display or modify Slurm configuration and state eg. job, node, partition, reservation, and overall system configuration		
seff	Display job efficiency information of completed jobs		

Name of compute nodes on PS

- CPU only nodes: (memory 4.8 GB per core)
 - \circ cn001, cn002, cn003, cn004, ... , cn384
- Nodes with high memory: (memory 19.2 GB per core)
 - hm001, hm002, hm003, ..., hm036
- Nodes with GPUs:
 - $\circ \quad gpu001,\,gpu002,\,gpu003,\,...,\,gpu022$

Storage

- For keeping the software, codes, scripts, etc use /home
 - By default, you are on */home/\$USER* path after login
- For running jobs, always copy files to /scratch
 - After login, type cd /scratch/\$USER to go the scratch directory

- view information about Slurm nodes and partitions/queues.
- *sinfo --help* to display all possible options

[admin1.iitkgp@login03 ~]\$ sinfo -s					
PARTITION	AVAIL	TIMELIMIT	NODES(A/I/O/T)	NODELIST	
standard	up	3-00:00:00	403/16/1/420	cn[001-384],hm[001-036]	
gpu	up	3-00:00:00	21/1/0/22	gpu[001-022]	
hm	up	3-00:00:00	35/1/0/36	hm[001-036]	
standard-low*	up	3-00:00:00	403/16/1/420	cn[001-384],hm[001-036]	
gpu-low	up	3-00:00:00	21/1/0/22	gpu[001-022]	

partitions/queue

Following partitions/queues have been defined for different requirements.

- standard: CPU and High memory jobs (*Chargeable)
- gpu: CPU and GPU jobs (*Chargeable)
- hm: CPU and High memory intensive jobs (*Chargeable)

standard-low: Default Non-chargeable Queue for CPU and High memory jobs*

gpu-low: Non-chargeable CPU and GPU jobs *

(* Less priority)

- view information about Slurm nodes and partitions/queues.
- *sinfo --help* to display all possible options

	cipfo D					
[admin1.iitkgp@login03 ~]\$ sinfo -R						
USER	TIMESTAMP	NODELIST				
atos	2021-09-14T13:35:32	cn[071,144,146-147,194,341]				
atos	2021-09-13T18:41:42	cn196				
atos	2021-09-13T18:43:17	cn[207,213,243]				
root	2021-09-14T20:59:35	cn007				
	USER atos atos atos	USER TIMESTAMP atos 2021-09-14T13:35:32 atos 2021-09-13T18:41:42 atos 2021-09-13T18:43:17				

- view information about Slurm nodes and partitions/queues.
- *sinfo --help* to display all possible options

```
[admin1.iitkgp@login02 ~]$ sinfo --state=idle
                             NODES STATE NODELIST
PARTITION
             AVAIL TIMELIMIT
standard
                up 3-00:00:00
                                 28
                                      idle cn[071,126,133-137,144,146,178,196,207,216,270,360],hm[013-0
16,019-020,022-023,026-029,035]
                up 3-00:00:00
                                      idle gpu[005,017,019,021]
                                  4
gpu
hm
             up 3-00:00:00
                                      idle hm[013-016,019-020,022-023,026-029,035]
                                 13
standard-low* up 3-00:00:00
                                 28
                                      idle cn[071,126,133-137,144,146,178,196,207,216,270,360],hm[013-0
16,019-020,022-023,026-029,035]
gpu-low
        up 3-00:00:00
                                      idle gpu[005,017,019,021]
                                  4
```

- view information about Slurm nodes and partitions/queues.
- *sinfo --help* to display all possible options

[admin1.iitkgp@login02 ~]\$ sinfo -N -l head											
Thu Sep 16	Thu Sep 16 18:04:03 2021										
NODELIST	NODES	PARTITION	STATE	CPUS	S:C:T	MEMORY	TMP DISK	WEIGHT	AVAIL FE	REASON	
cn001	1	standard	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn001	1	standard-low*	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	Θ	1	(null)	none	
cn002	1	standard	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn002	1	standard-low*	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn003	1	standard	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn003	1	standard-low*	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn004	1	standard	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	
cn004	1	standard-low*	allocated	40	2:20:1	192030	0	1	(null)	none	

Node state codes

https://slurm.schedmd.com/sinfo.html

- ALLOCATED
 - \circ The node has been allocated to one or more jobs
- IDLE
 - \circ ~ The node is not allocated to any jobs and is available for use
- DOWN
 - \circ Node is not available for use
- RESERVED
 - \circ The node is in an advanced reservation and not generally available
- MIXED
 - \circ ~ The node has some of its CPUs ALLOCATED while others are IDLE
- DRAINED
 - \circ ~ The node is unavailable for use per system administrator request

- Parallel computation algorithms fall into three categories:
 - Message-passing interface models (MPI) -- processes
 - \circ Shared memory models (OpenMP) -- threads
 - \circ Hybrid (OpenMP + MPI)
 - GPU general computing models
- A process means executing a program
- One or more threads run in the context of the process
- Processes and threads are independent sequences of execution; work on any part of the code
- np process x nt threads = np*nt processors required

- A thread cannot exist by itself, a process must start a thread. A process can start multiple threads in other words "threads are not independent like processes"
- Use of a process means you also need Inter Process Communication (IPC) to get data in and out of the process
- Threads on the same process are much more lightweight and reside in the same memory space
- Switching among threads in the same process is much faster because the OS only switches registers, not memory mapping

- If you have a serial code, and submitted on many processors, will it run faster?
 NO
- Can you run serial code on more than one processor without any additional programming or using tools?
 - NO
- If you have a software, how do you know whether you can run on it on more than one processor?
 - Check software documentation or open the code in editor and check for words starting with MPI, OMP, CUDA, KERNEL, etc
- Is it easy to convert serial code to parallel?
 - YES AND NO

- GPUs consist hundreds of cores vs CPUs a few cores
- For GPUs, improved memory bandwidth, around a factor of 5x compared to CPUs-systems (350 GB/s vs 70 GB/s)
- For programming GPUs: OpenCL, CUDA, and Halide languages
- Speedup with GPUs against a well-optimized CPU code would be in the 2x to 10x range, with an average of around 5x

- Can you run a CPU parallel code on GPU cards?
 - NO
- If you use four GPU cards instead of two for a GPU code, will it run faster ?
 - NO. Advisable to use one or two GPU cards

Submitting jobs - sbatch, salloc, srun

- *sbatch* and *salloc* allocate resources to the job
- *sbatch* script.sh
- *srun* launches parallel tasks across allocated resources
- *srun* can also be used outside the resource allocation

salloc

Allocate resources for interactive bash session or for executing a script (which originates from the login node)

Useful for debugging the codes/profiling

- salloc --time=00:10:00 -n=4
 - It will reserve 4 cores for 10 min. Once resources are allocated, you can log into the nodes to run the command
 - Time is in HH:MM:SS format (other available formats are MM, MM:SS, HH:MM:SS, DD-HH, DD-HH:MM, DD-HH:MM:SS)
- slloc --time = 0:10:00 n = 4 mpirun np 4 ./executable

Workflow for job submission

- Create job script
- Submit the job script with *sbatch* command
- If job submission is successful, you will see a jobID printed on the commandline. Else, check the script and submit again
- Check job status with *squeue* command
- Use *sacct*, *seff* commands to check job information, if needed

Rules for writing the Slurm script

- Contain the options preceded with #SBATCH
- Executable commands come after all #SBATCH directives
- Any *#SBATCH* directive after executable command will not be processed
- By default, the script/Slurm will check for files in current working directory
- Load the corresponding modules before using software executable
- Spaces are allowed
- For adding comments, use #

(#SBATCH directive --> ##SBATCH)

sbatch

Slurm script files are at: (on PS)

/home/iitkgp/slurm-scripts/

sbatch

https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html

Option	Description
nodes= <number></number>	Number of nodes to use
ntasks= <number></number>	Number of processes to run
cpus-per-task= <number></number>	Number of cores per task
mem= <number></number>	Total memory (per node)
mem-per-cpu= <number></number>	Memory per processor core
constraint= <attribute></attribute>	Node property to request (e.g., xeon-4116)
partition= <partition_name></partition_name>	Request nodes on specified partition
time= <d-hh:mm:ss></d-hh:mm:ss>	Maximum run time
account= <account_id></account_id>	Account to charge resources to
mail-type= <value></value>	E-mail notifications (e.g., begin end fail all)
mail-user= <address></address>	E-mail address
output= <filename></filename>	File for standard output
error= <filename></filename>	File for standard error

Environment variables

SLURM JOB ID ID of the job allocation SLURM_SUBMIT DIR directory from which sbatch was invoked SLURM GPUS Number of GPUs requested SLURM_JOB_NODELIST List of nodes allocated to the job SLURM_NTASKS Number of tasks requested SLURM CPUS PER TASK Number of cpus requested per task SLURM ARRAY TASK ID Job array ID (index) number

https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html

squeue

- Display the submitted jobs in your account
- squeue --help
- <u>https://slurm.schedmd.com/squeue.html</u>

sandeepcd&login01 \$ squeue JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) 491572 standard- CoAs 20cd91f0 R 23:17:57 9 cn[144-145,363-369]

Common codes for job states

N1 1

https://slurm.schedmd.com/squeue.html#lbAG

Status	Code	Explanation
COMPLETED	CD	The job has completed successfully.
COMPLETING	CG	The job is finishing but some processes are still active.
FAILED	\mathbf{F}	The job terminated with a non-zero exit code and failed to execute.
PENDING	PD	The job is waiting for resource allocation. It will eventually run.
PREEMPTED	PR	The job was terminated because of preemption by another job.
RUNNING	R	The job currently is allocated to a node and is running.
SUSPENDED	S	A running job has been stopped with its cores released to other jobs.
STOPPED	\mathbf{ST}	A running job has been stopped with its cores retained.

Common codes for pending reason

https://slurm.schedmd.com/squeue.html#lbAF

Reason Code Explanation Priority One or more higher priority jobs is in queue for running. Your job will eventually run Dependency This job is waiting for a dependent job to complete and will run afterwards The job is waiting for resources to become available and will eventually run Resources InvalidAccount The job's account is invalid. Cancel the job and rerun with correct account QOSGrpMaxJobsLimit Maximum number of jobs for your job's QoS have been met; job will run eventually ReqNodeNotAvail Some node specifically required by the job is not currently available; job will run eventually

scancel

- scancel --help
- <u>https://slurm.schedmd.com/scancel.html</u>
- scancel JOBID
 - scancel 492806

scontrol

- scontrol show partition <partition>
 - \circ scontrol show partition standard-low
- scontrol show node <nodeid>
 - \circ scontrol show node cn200
- scontrol show job <jobid>
 - \circ scontrol show job 238242

scontrol

```
[admin1.iitkgp@login02 ~]$ scontrol show jobid 492016
JobTd=492016 JobName=run.sh
  UserId=samir(6023) GroupId=samir(6023) MCS label=N/A
  Priority=8472 Nice=0 Account=c-dac QOS=cdac internal
  JobState=RUNNING Reason=None Dependency=(null)
  Requeue=1 Restarts=0 BatchFlag=1 Reboot=0 ExitCode=0:0
  RunTime=07:11:16 TimeLimit=08:00:00 TimeMin=N/A
  SubmitTime=2021-09-17T09:07:08 EligibleTime=2021-09-17T13:00:01
  AccrueTime=Unknown
  StartTime=2021-09-17T13:00:01 EndTime=2021-09-17T21:00:01 Deadline=N/A
  SuspendTime=None SecsPreSuspend=0 LastSchedEval=2021-09-17T13:00:01
  Partition=standard-low AllocNode:Sid=login06:55096
  RegNodeList=(null) ExcNodeList=(null)
  NodeList=cn[001-059],hm001
  BatchHost=cn001
  NumNodes=60 NumCPUs=2400 NumTasks=2400 CPUs/Task=1 RegB:S:C:T=0:0:*:*
  TRES=cpu=2400, mem=10320000M, node=60
  Socks/Node=* NtasksPerN:B:S:C=40:0:*:* CoreSpec=*
  MinCPUsNode=40 MinMemorvCPU=4300M MinTmpDiskNode=0
  Features=(null) DelayBoot=00:00:00
  Reservation=Anuga testing
  OverSubscribe=N0 Contiguous=0 Licenses=(null) Network=(null)
  Command=/home/samir/bench/anuga/mahanadi-delta/run.sh
  WorkDir=/home/samir/bench/anuga/mahanadi-delta
  StdErr=/home/samir/bench/anuga/mahanadi-delta/slurm-492016.out
  StdIn=/dev/null
  StdOut=/home/samir/bench/anuga/mahanadi-delta/slurm-492016.out
  Power=
```

scontrol

sandeepcd&login01 \$ scontrol show partition standard PartitionName=standard AllowGroups=ALL AllowAccounts=ALL AllowQos=ALL AllocNodes=ALL Default=NO QoS=N/A DefaultTime=NONE DisableRootJobs=NO ExclusiveUser=NO GraceTime=0 Hidden=NO MaxNodes=UNLIMITED MaxTime=3-00:00:00 MinNodes=0 LLN=NO MaxCPUsPerNode=UNLIMITED Nodes=cn[001-384],hm[001-036] PriorityJobFactor=75 PriorityTier=75 RootOnly=NO ReqResv=NO OverSubscribe=NO OverTimeLimit=NONE PreemptMode=OFF State=UP TotalCPUs=16800 TotalNodes=420 SelectTypeParameters=NONE JobDefaults=(null) DefMemPerCPU=4300 MaxMemPerNode=UNLIMITED TRESBillingWeights=CPU=2.0,GRES/gpu=20.0

- Reports how much % of memory and CPUs are used
- seff < jobid >

```
[admin1.iitkgp@login07 ~]$ seff 483343
Job ID: 483343
Cluster: param-shakti
User/Group: 16ch91r04/paragch
State: TIMEOUT (exit code 0)
Nodes: 4
Cores per node: 8
CPU Utilized: 95-18:11:56
CPU Efficiency: 99.74% of 96-00:09:36 core-walltime
Job Wall-clock time: 3-00:00:18
Memory Utilized: 34.47 GB (estimated maximum)
Memory Efficiency: 25.65% of 134.38 GB (4.20 GB/core)
```

Job priority

Five important factors that decide job priority

- Age
 - \circ ~ the length of time a job has been waiting in the queue, eligible to be scheduled
- Fair-share
 - the difference between the portion of the computing resource that has been promised and the amount of resources that has been consumed
- Job size
 - \circ ~ the number of nodes or CPUs a job is allocated
- Partition
 - \circ $\,$ a factor associated with each node partition
- QOS
 - \circ $\,$ a factor associated with each Quality Of Service

Slurm coordinator

Faculty adviser can manage resources within his research group on PS.

Examples:

- sacctmgr modify user student1 set MaxTRES=billing=1000000
 - \circ ~ Limit on the billing consumption Rs.10000 of a user in a chargeable partition
- sacctmgr modify user student2 set GrpCPUs=64
 - \circ ~ Limit on the number of processor cores for a user
- sacctmgr modify user student3 set Fairshare=10
 - \circ Default value = 1. This number is relative to other users in that faculty account.

http://www.hpc.iitkgp.ac.in/HPCF/slurmcoord

Is it correct?

Walltime of a job as a function of no. of processes

Num processors	walltime (sec)
8	1000
16	500
32	250
64	125
128	63
256	32
512	16

Is it correct?

Walltime of a job as a function of no. of processes

Num processors	walltime (hrs)	
8	1000 •	No, it is almost impossible to get a perfect
16	500	scaling and it depends on many factors
32	2 50	One should always have a idea about the scaling behaviour of the code
64	125	Otherwise, do small tests and notice the
128	63	walltime (Slurm backfill scheduling)
256	3 2	Keep time to as low as possible, egt 00:02:00 while doing scaling tests
512	16	

Best practises

- Check parallel performance of the code or have an idea of the performance
- Do small tests before submitting when needed
- Do not always go with maximum walltime in the Slurm script.
- Any software can be installed in your home directory. No permission or intimation is required

Additional resources

• Official Slurm documentation

https://slurm.schedmd.com/documentation.html

- Our website <u>http://www.hpc.iitkgp.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://paramshakti.iitkgp.ac.in/support/</u> for any query/support
- Bootcamp material is at:

http://www.hpc.iitkgp.ac.in/HPCF/bootcampIITKgp